

# Global Fits to Solar and Atmospheric Neutrino Data

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Neutrinos and Implications for Physics BSM, Stony Brook

# Outline

- $2n$  : Leading osc. pattern
- $3n$  : The role of  $q_{13}$
- $4n$  : The role of  $n_s$

Talk based on:

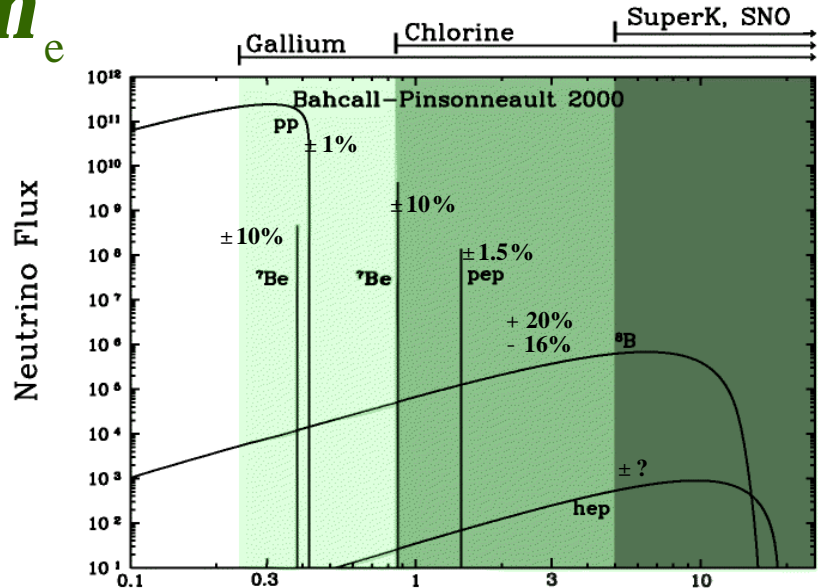
Bahcall, Gonzalez-Garcia, P-G, JHEP207, 2002

Bahcall, Gonzalez-Garcia, P-G, PRC66, 2002

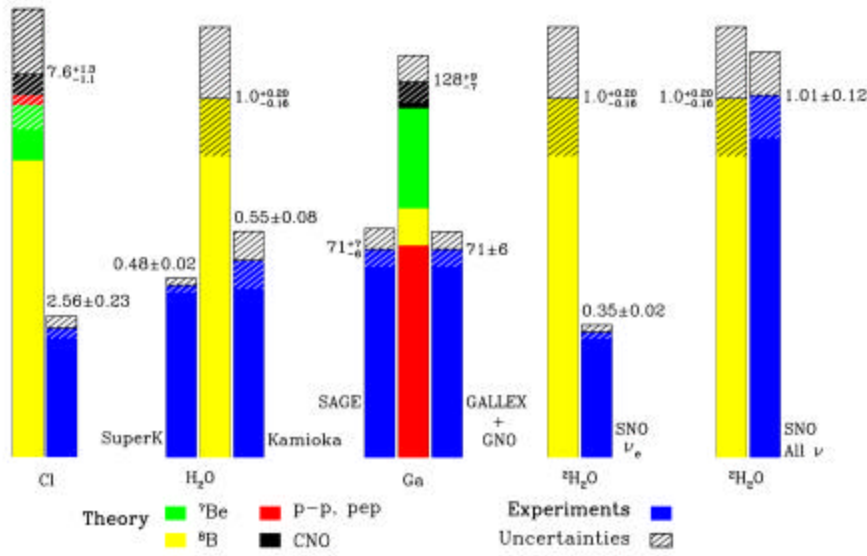
Gonzalez-Garcia, Maltoni, P-G, PRD64, 2001

Gonzalez-Garcia, Maltoni, P-G, Valle, PRD63, 2001

$n_e$

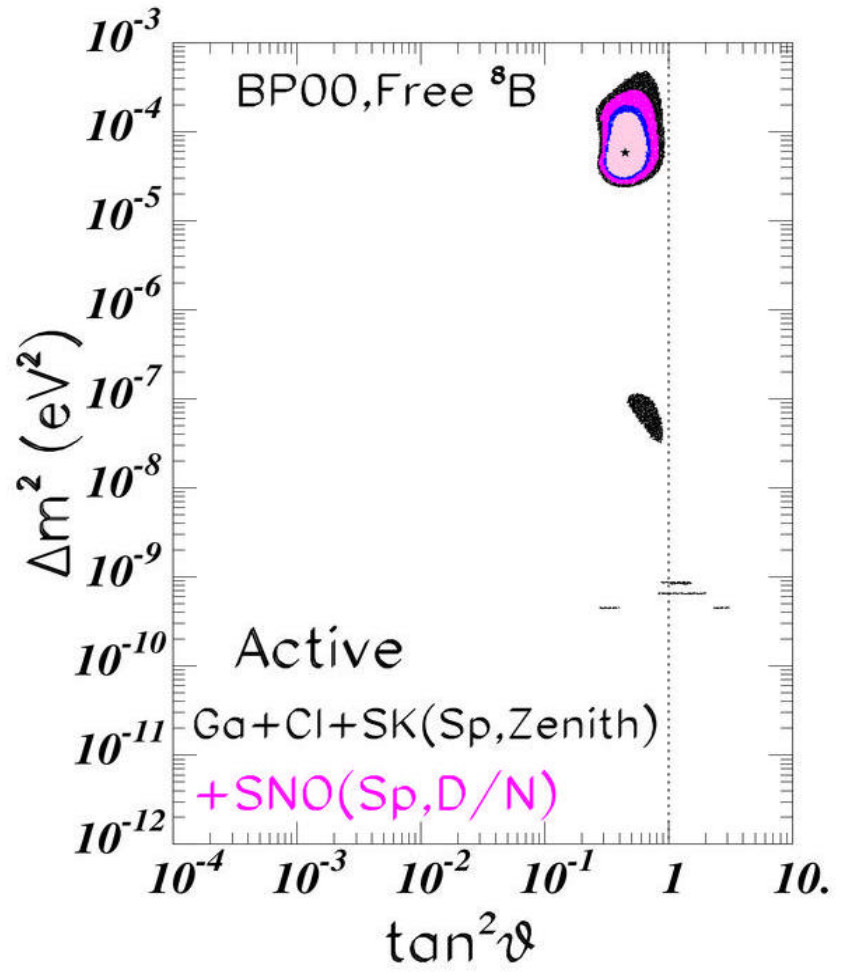


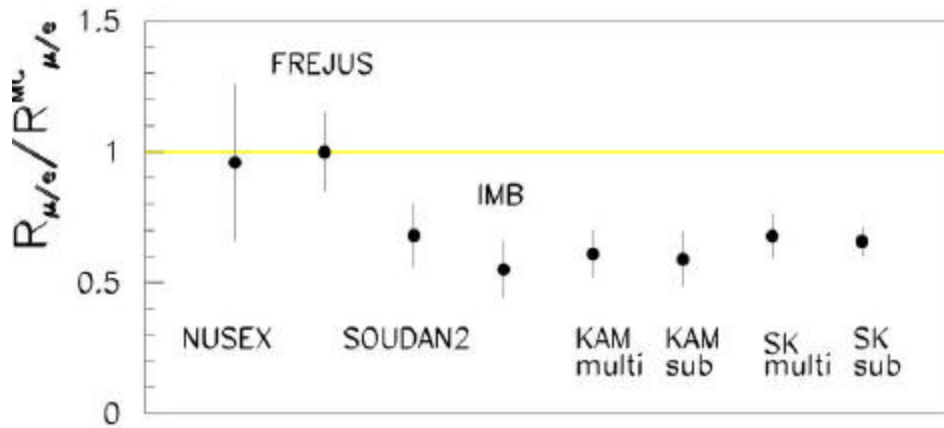
Total Rates: Standard Model vs. Experiment  
Bahcall-Pinsonneault 2000



# Solar $2n$

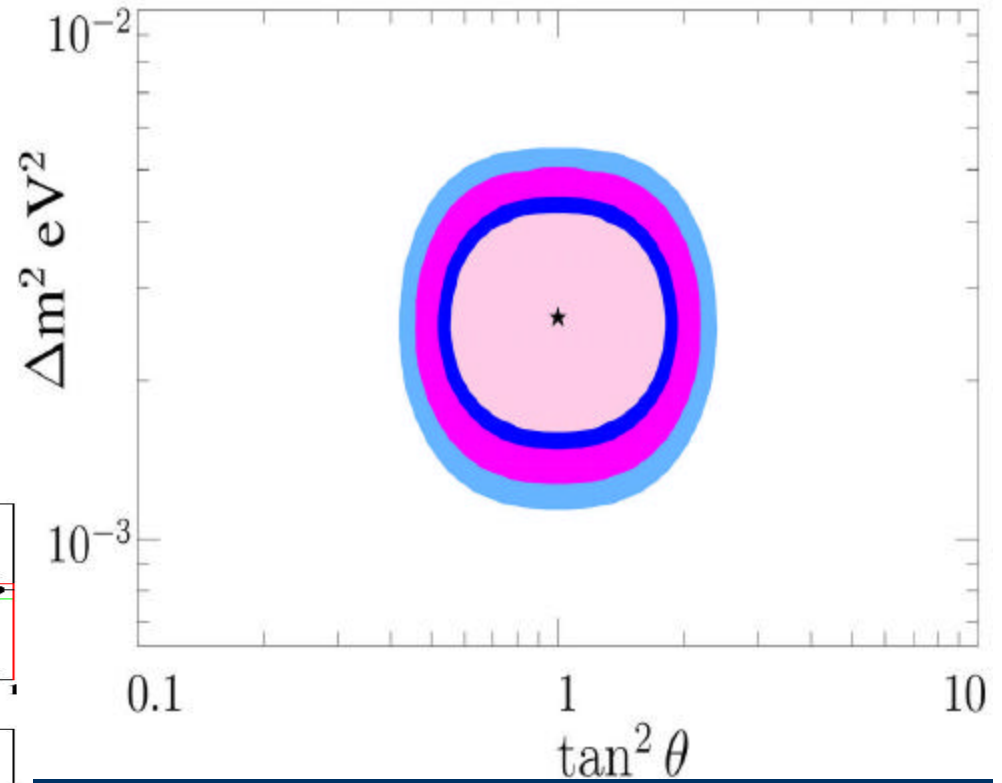
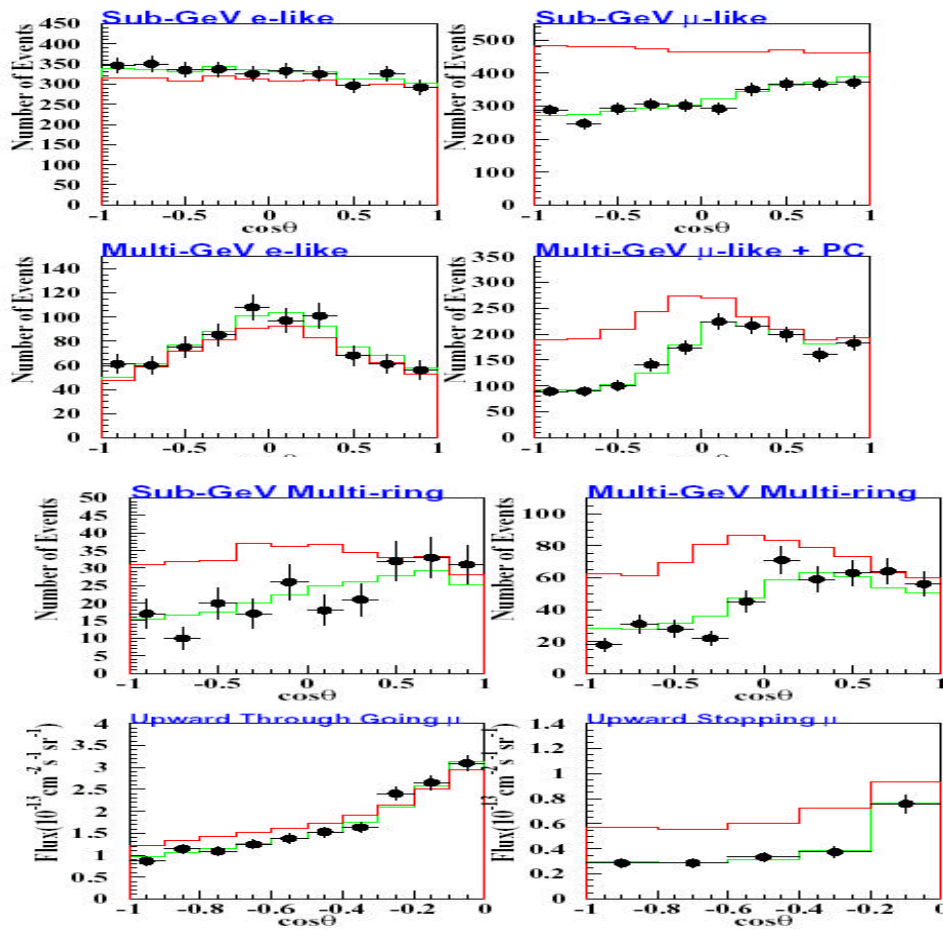
$$P(n_e \rightarrow n_a) = P(\Delta m_{sol}^2, q_{sol})$$





# Atmospheric $2\nu$

$$P(n_m \rightarrow n_t) = P(\Delta M_{ATM}^2, \mathbf{q}_{ATM})$$

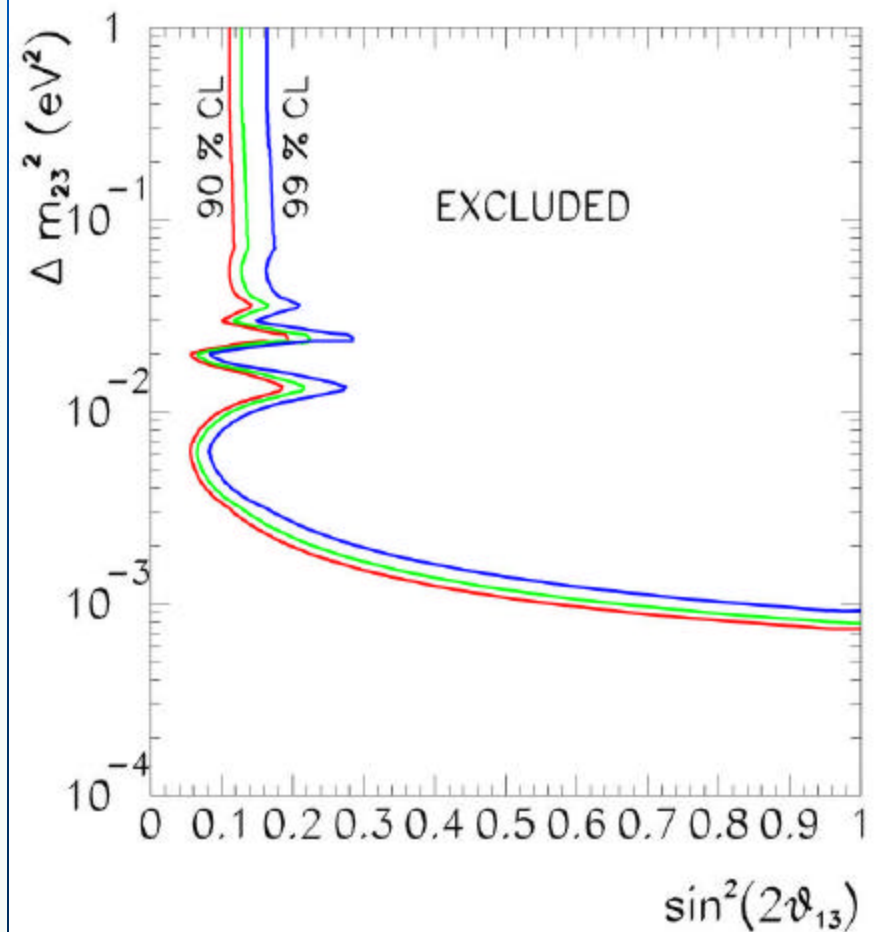
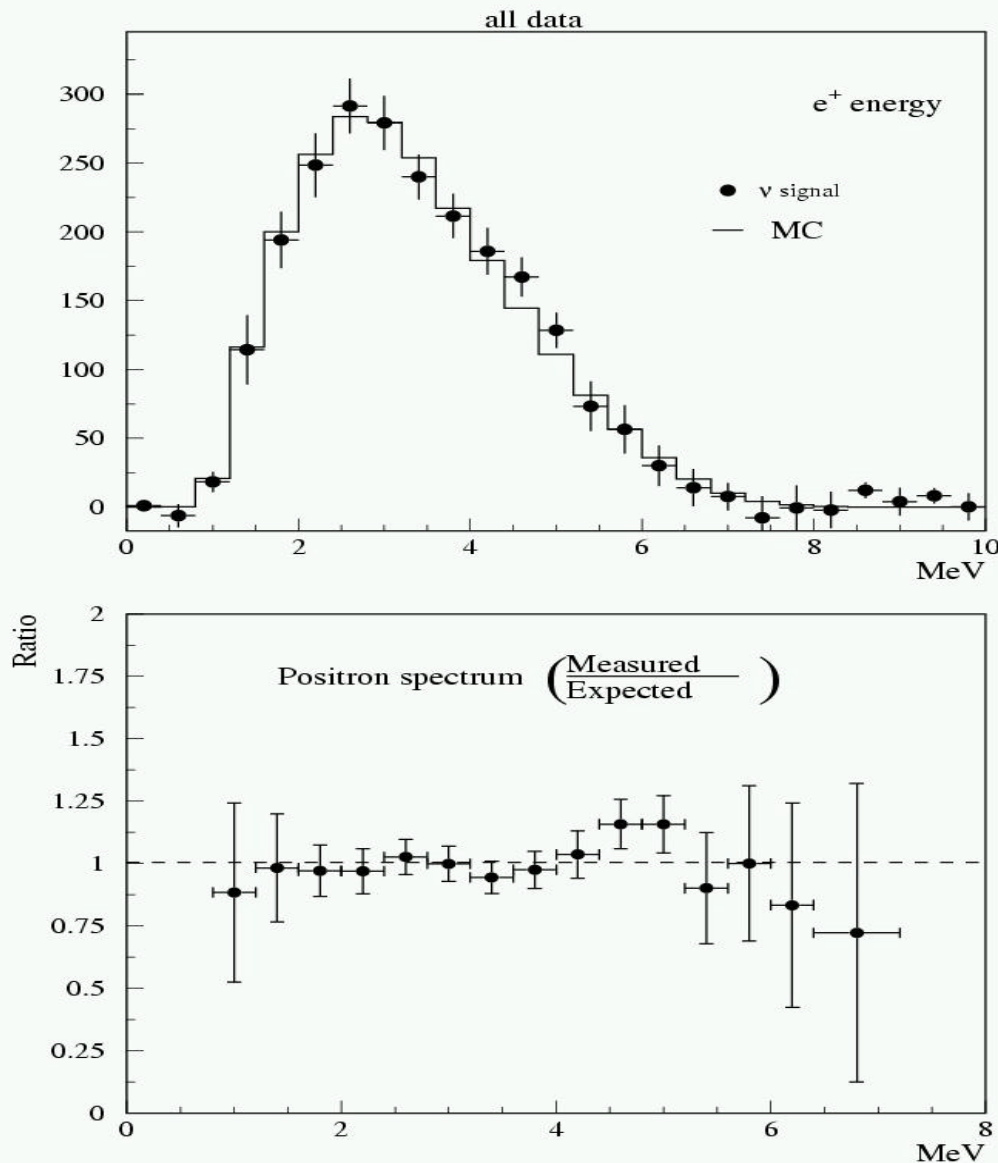


# Reactor : Chooz/Palo Verde

2n

$$P(\bar{\nu}_e \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_e) = P(\Delta M_{atm}^2, \mathbf{q}_{chooz})$$

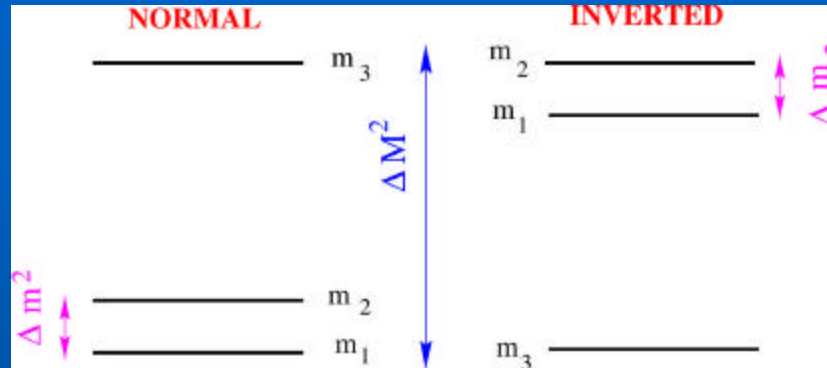
$$R = 1.01 \pm 2.8\% \pm 2.7\%$$



# Three Neutrinos

$$\Delta m^2$$

$$\Delta M^2$$



$$U_{\mathbf{ai}} = \begin{pmatrix} U_{e1} & U_{e2} & U_{e3} \\ U_{\mu 1} & U_{\mu 2} & U_{\mu 3} \\ U_{\tau 1} & U_{\tau 2} & U_{\tau 3} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & c_{23} & s_{23} \\ 0 & -s_{23} & c_{23} \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} c_{13} & 0 & s_{13} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -s_{13} & 0 & c_{13} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & e^{-id} \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} c_{12} & s_{12} & 0 \\ -s_{12} & c_{12} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

# Three Neutrinos

$$\Delta m^2 \quad (\Delta m_{sol}^2)$$

$$\Delta M^2 \quad (\Delta M_{atm}^2)$$

$$U_{\alpha i} = \begin{pmatrix} U_{e1} & U_{e2} & U_{e3} \\ U_{\mu 1} & U_{\mu 2} & U_{\mu 3} \\ U_{\tau 1} & U_{\tau 2} & U_{\tau 3} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & c_{23} & s_{23} \\ 0 & -s_{23} & c_{23} \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} c_{13} & 0 & s_{13} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -s_{13} & 0 & c_{13} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & e^{-id} \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} c_{12} & s_{12} & 0 \\ -s_{12} & c_{12} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Searched by :

atmospheric

reactor

solar

# Three Neutrinos

$$\Delta m^2 \quad (\Delta m_{sol}^2)$$

$$\Delta M^2 \quad (\Delta M_{atm}^2)$$

$$U_{\mathbf{a}i} = \begin{pmatrix} U_{e1} & U_{e2} & U_{e3} \\ U_{\mu1} & U_{\mu2} & U_{\mu3} \\ U_{\tau1} & U_{\tau2} & U_{\tau3} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & c_{23} & s_{23} \\ 0 & -s_{23} & c_{23} \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} c_{13} & 0 & s_{13} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -s_{13} & 0 & c_{13} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & e^{-id} \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} c_{12} & s_{12} & 0 \\ -s_{12} & c_{12} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Searched by :

atmospheric

reactor

solar

# Three Neutrinos

If  $\Delta m^2 \ll \Delta M^2$

Solar  $P_{3n}(\mathbf{n}_e \rightarrow \mathbf{n}_e) = P(\Delta m^2, \mathbf{q}_{12}, \mathbf{q}_{13})$

$$P_{3n}(\mathbf{n}_e \rightarrow \mathbf{n}_e) = \cos^4 \mathbf{q}_{13} P_{2n}(\mathbf{n}_e \rightarrow \mathbf{n}_e) + \sin^4 \mathbf{q}_{13}$$

Atmospheric  $P_{3n}(\mathbf{n}_{a=e,m} \rightarrow \mathbf{n}_{b=e,m}) = P(\Delta M^2, \mathbf{q}_{23}, \mathbf{q}_{13})$

$$P_{3n}(\mathbf{n}_e \rightarrow \mathbf{n}_m) = \sin^2 2\mathbf{q}_{13,m} \sin^2 \mathbf{q}_{23} \sin^2 (\Delta M^2 L / 4E)$$

Reactor  $P_{3n}(\bar{\mathbf{n}}_e \rightarrow \bar{\mathbf{n}}_e) = P(\Delta M^2, \Delta m^2, \mathbf{q}_{12}, \mathbf{q}_{13})$

Two scales

Gonzalez-Garcia, Maltoni, hep-ph/0202218

Fogli, Lisi, Palazzo, PRD65, 2002

Gonzalez-Garcia, Maltoni, P-G, Valle, PRD63, 2001

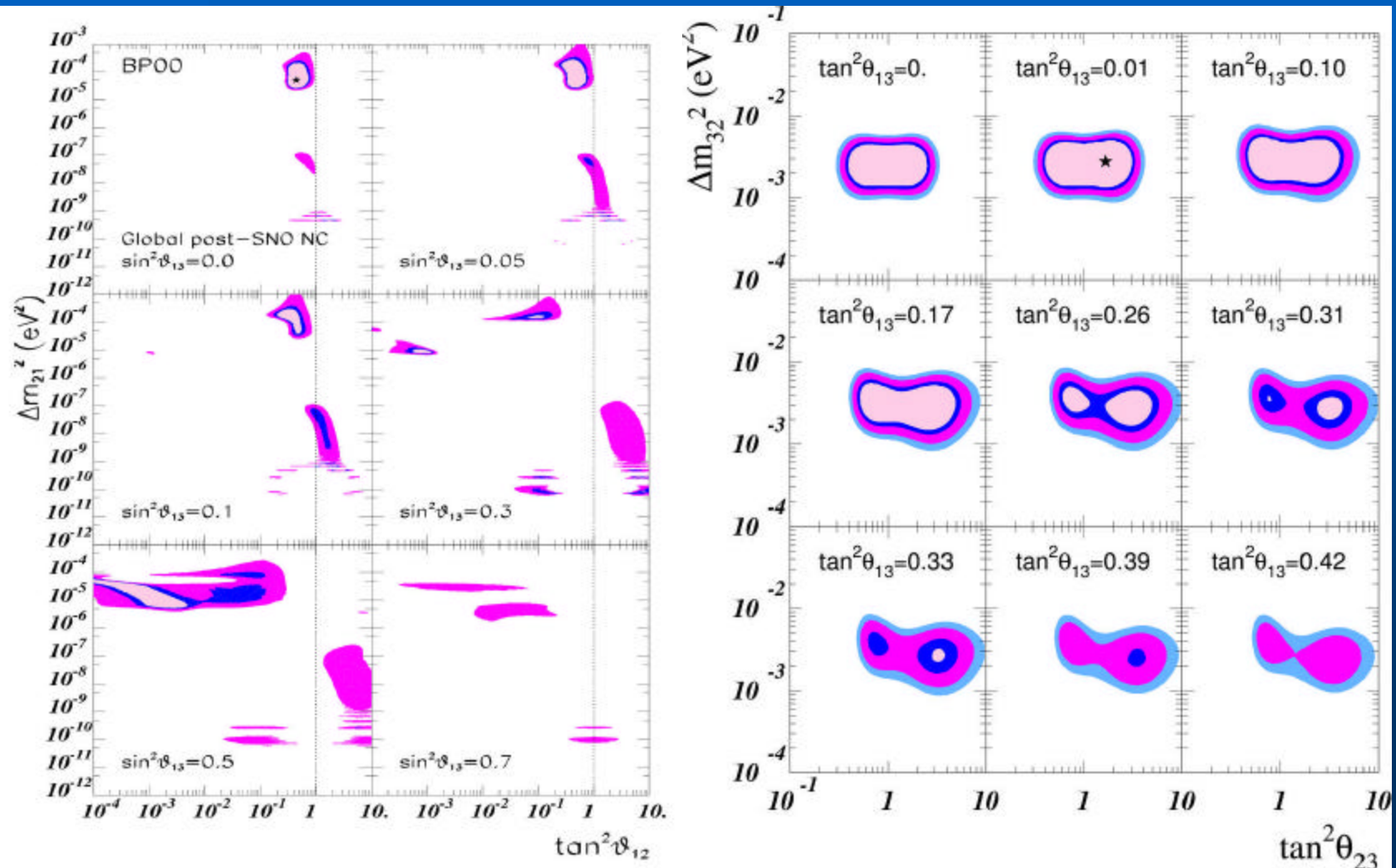
Bilenky, Nicolo, Petcov, PLB538, 2002

Mocioiu, Shrock, JHEP0111, 2001

# Three Neutrinos

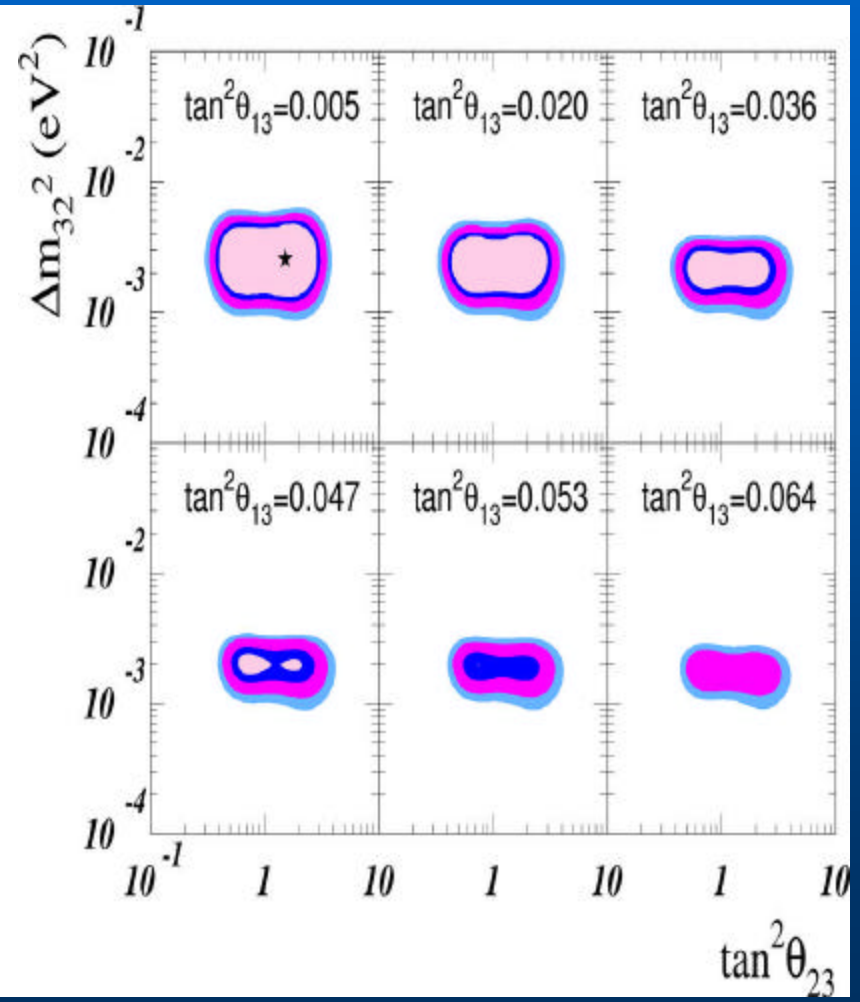
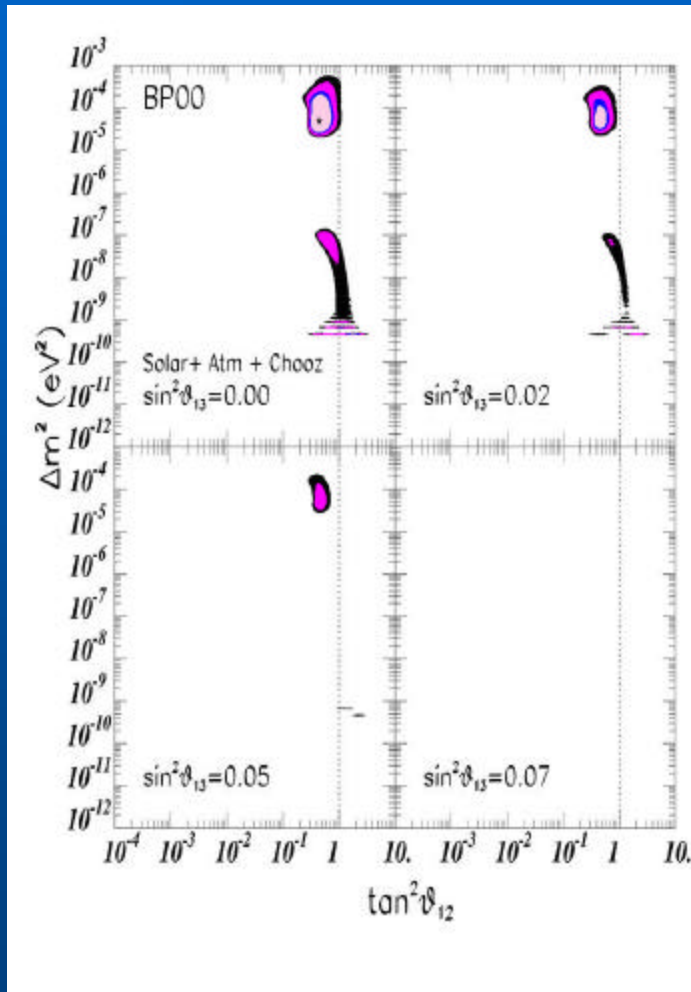
Weak bound on  $q_{13}$

Small  $q_{13}^2$  value preferred: 0.00, 0.01



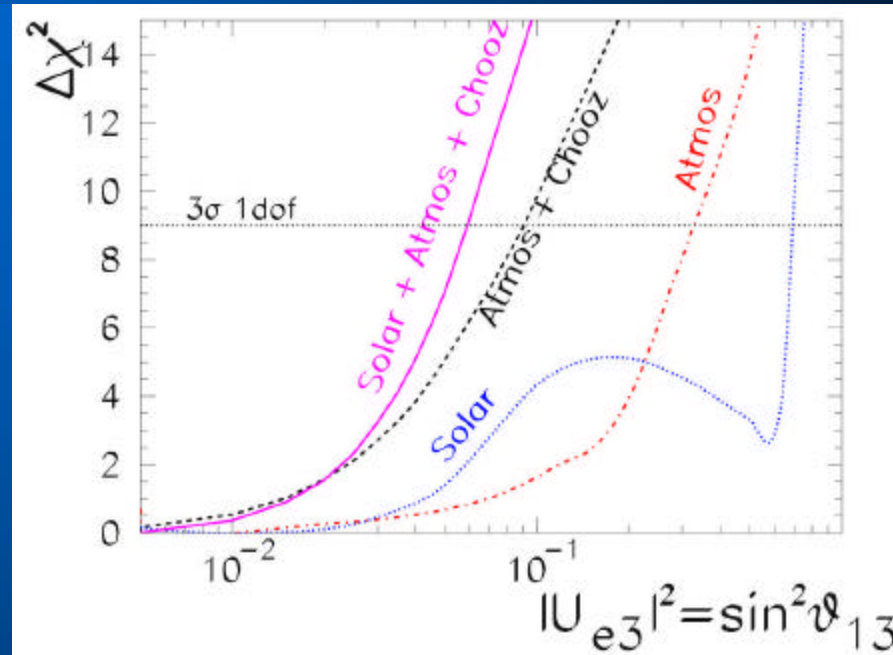
# Three Neutrinos

Including reactor (Chooz) data:



# Three Neutrinos: $\theta_{13}$

Bound on  $\theta_{13}$  :



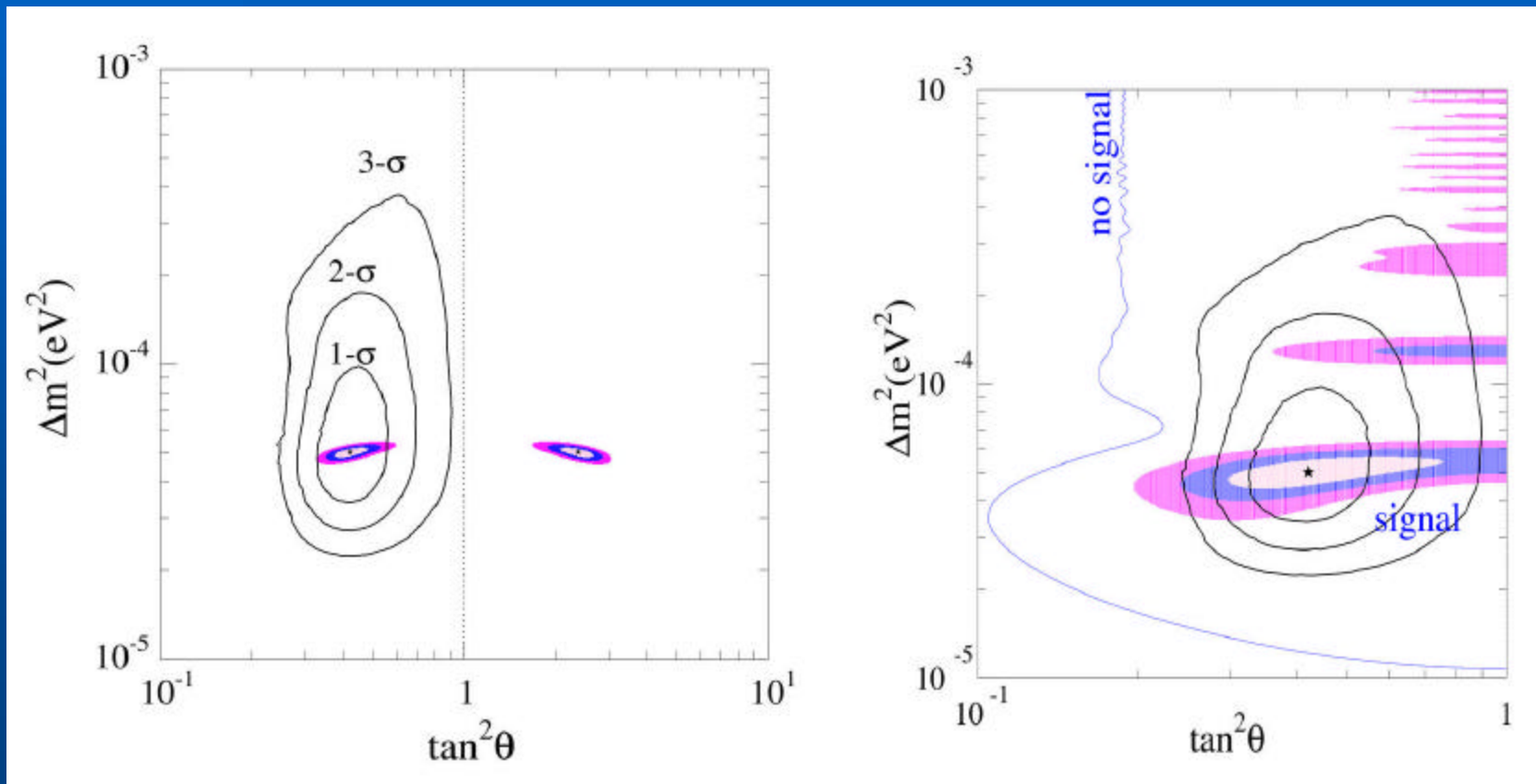
$3\sigma$  ranges:

$$2.4 \times 10^{-5} < \Delta m^2 (eV^2) < 2.4 \times 10^{-4} eV^2 \quad 1.4 \times 10^{-3} < \Delta M^2 (eV^2) < 6.0 \times 10^{-3}$$

$$|U_{ai}| = \begin{pmatrix} 0.73-0.89 & 0.44-0.66 & <0.24 \\ 0.23-0.66 & 0.24-0.75 & 0.51-0.87 \\ 0.06-0.57 & 0.40-0.82 & 0.48-0.85 \end{pmatrix}$$

# KamLAND reactor data:

- Matter effects negligible
- CC detection



Bahcall, Gonzalez-Garcia, P-G, PRC66, 2002

**3 years**

**3 months**

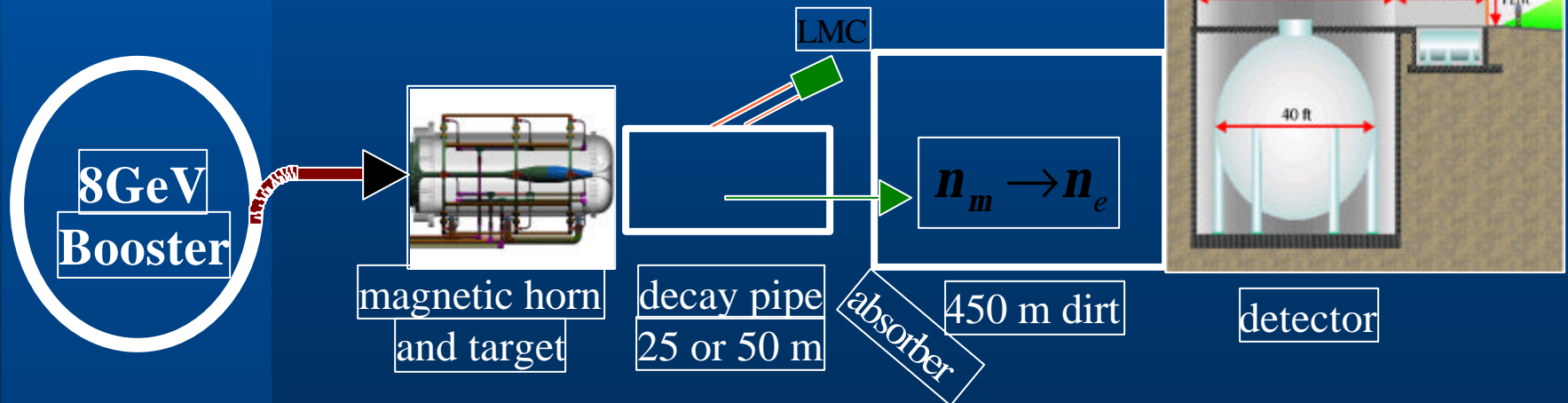
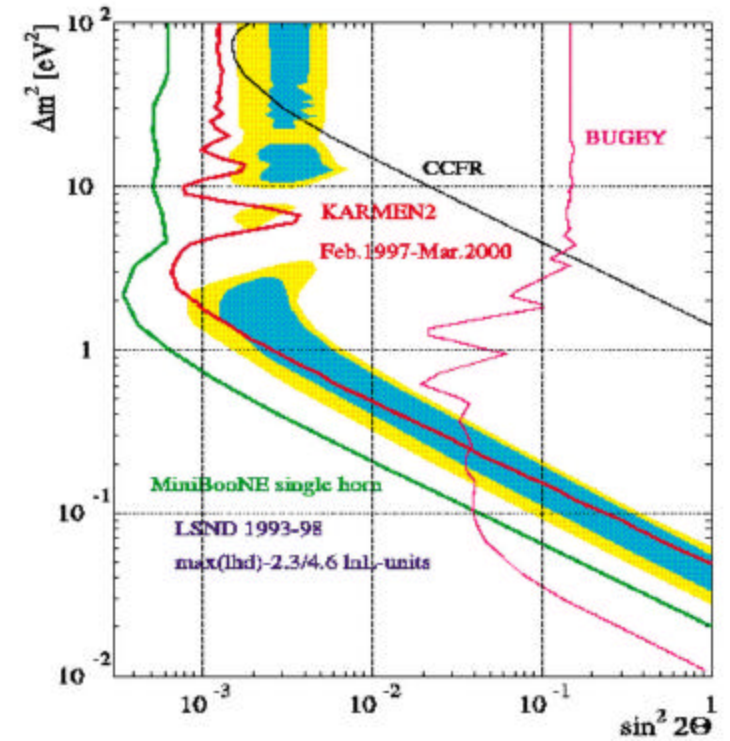
# LSND, Miniboone

$$\bar{n}_m \rightarrow \bar{n}_e$$

Proton beam producing  $p^+$

$$N(\bar{n}_e) = 87.9 \pm 22.4 \pm 6.0$$

$$d = 30m \quad 20MeV < E < 60MeV$$

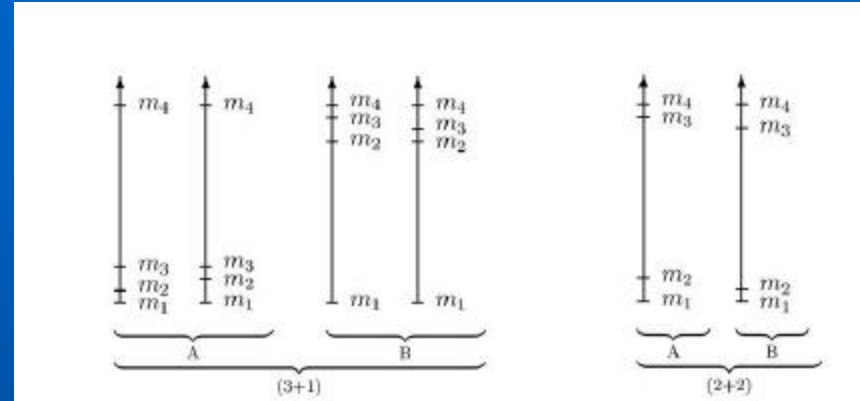


$$0.5GeV < E < 1GeV \quad d = 500m$$

# Four Neutrinos: $n_s$

3 scales (Solar, atmo., LSND)

LEP data  $\Rightarrow 3n_a \quad m \leq 50 \text{ GeV}$   
 $\rightarrow n_s \quad 4^{\text{th}} \text{ state?}$



$$U = U_{24} U_{23} U_{14} U_{13} U_{34} U_{12}$$

Solar  $n_e \rightarrow n_a = c_{23} c_{24} n_s + \sqrt{1 - c_{23}^2 c_{24}^2} n_a$

Atmospheric  $n_b = s_{23} c_{24} n_s + c_{23} n_m - s_{23} s_{24} n_s \rightarrow n_g = s_{24} n_s + c_{24} n_t$   
 (2+2)

Where:  $\sin^2 h \equiv c_{23}^2 c_{24}^2 = U_{s1}^2 + U_{s2}^2$

$$s_{23}^2 = U_{m1}^2 + U_{m2}^2$$

If  $q_{23} = 0$   $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Sol } n_e \rightarrow n_a = \sin h n_s + \cos h n_a \\ \text{Atm } n_m \rightarrow n_b = \cos h n_s + \sin h n_a \end{array} \right.$

# Four Neutrinos: $n_s$

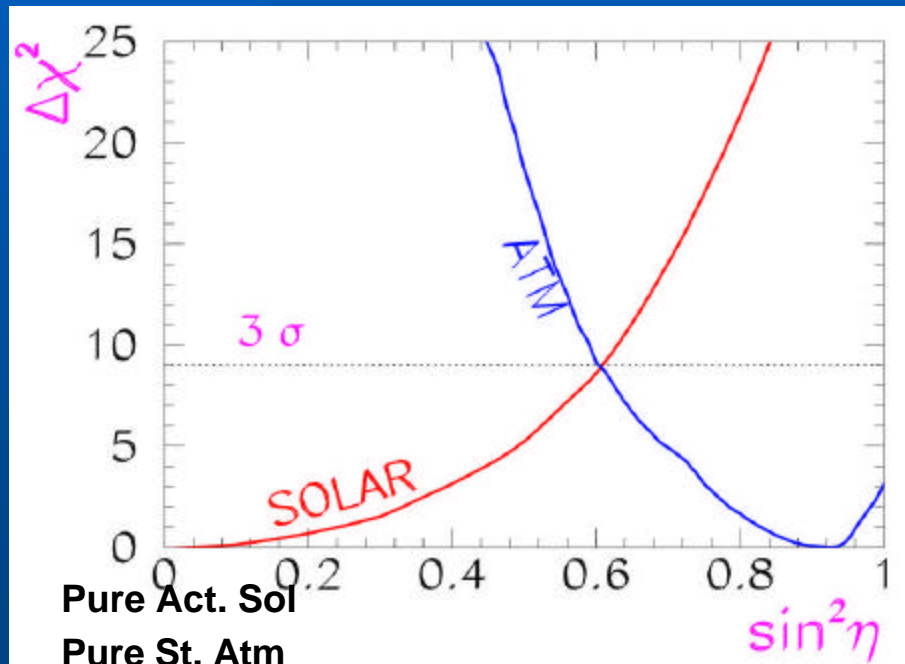
## 2+2 : Solar and Atmospheric compatibility?

$$s_{23} = 0 \Rightarrow P_{n_s}^{sun} + P_{n_s}^{atm} = 1$$

Peres, Smirnov, NPB599, 2001

$$s_{23} \neq 0 \Rightarrow P_{n_s}^{sun} + P_{n_s}^{atm} > 0.9$$

Gonzalez-Garcia, Maltoni, P-G, PRD64, 2001



Bahcall, Gonzalez-Garcia, P-G, PRC66, 2002

Maltoni, Schwetz, Tortola, Valle, hep-ph/0207227

$$s_{13} \neq 0, s_{14} \neq 0 \Rightarrow P_{n_s}^{sun} + P_{n_s}^{atm} \geq 0.3 - 0.4$$

Pas, Song, Weiler, hep-ph/0209373

**Volunteers wanted !!!**

# Four Neutrinos: $n_s$

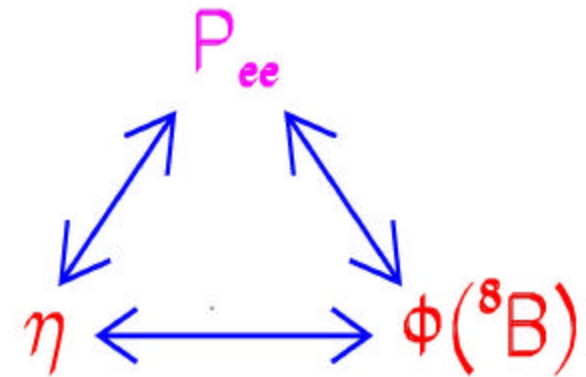
Sterile limit weaker if free  ${}^8\text{B}$ :

$$\Phi({}^8\text{B}) = \Phi(\nu_e) + \Phi(\nu_{\mu\tau}) + \Phi(\nu_s) = \Phi(\nu_e) + (1 + \tan^2 \eta) \Phi(\nu_{\mu\tau})$$

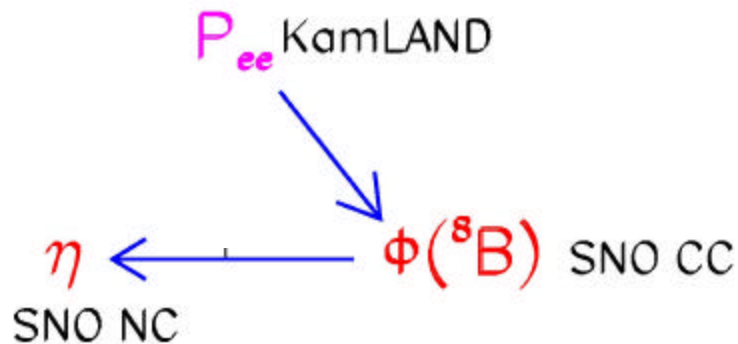
In other way (Barger et al., PRL88, 2002):

$$\Phi(\text{CC}) = \Phi({}^8\text{B}) \cdot \langle P_{ee} \rangle$$

$$\Phi(\text{NC}) = \Phi({}^8\text{B}) \cdot (\langle P_{ee} \rangle + \cos^2 \eta (1 - \langle P_{ee} \rangle))$$



## Sterile content: Improvement with Solar + KamLAND :



KamLAND  $\Rightarrow \langle P_{ee} \rangle$  at  $\sim 7\%$

+ SNO CC  $\Rightarrow \Phi({}^8\text{B})$  at  $\sim 10\%$

+ SNO NC  $\Rightarrow \Phi(\nu_s)$  at  $\sim 12\%$  ( $\sin^2 \mathbf{h} < 0.16$ )

Bahcall, Gonzalez-Garcia, P-G, PRC66, 2002